ARRIVAL OF THE UNITED STATES BRIG DOLPHIN.

From Our Special Reporter.

QUARANTINE, Sept. 6-2 F. M.

The United States brig Dolphin arrived last night and anchored in the bay off this point. I immediately proceeded to her, and had an interview with Comnander J. N. Muffitt, I learned from him that the Dolphin has been ten days coming from Key West, having experienced a succession of gales and calms. guiched philanthropist. There are few men living She exme to this cort supposing that Lieut. Bradford of the Dolphin, with the prize crew of the slave brig Echo, captured by the Dolphin, was awaiting her arrival in accordance with orders. The order, however, had been countermanded by Mr. Lee of the Navy, who ordered the crew to proceed to Boston.

The Bolyhin had on board Capt. Townsend, the

commander of the Echo, as a prisoner. He will be kept in the custody of the frigate Sabine to await the requisition of Mr. Hamilton, the United States Marshal of South Carolina, who has the Echo in custody for adjudication, and the Dolphin will proceed to-morrow to Boston, to be fitted, it is said, for the expedition to

Capt. Townsend is a native of Rhode Island, and has a wife and three children residing in Providence. He is about 33 years of age, and a man of superior address and education. He is tall and well formed and has prepossessing features. He has light hair large sandy whiskers, and is scrupnlously exact in his dress. He speaks freely upon the affairs of the voyage of the Echo, and states that he was driven to engage in the slave-trade because of ill success in his voyages in legitimate commerce. After the Echo New-Orleans, he states that he called the crew aft, and said to them that he purposed to go into slave-trade, and promised them \$ 900 each if they would continue on the voyage. The Portnguese and Spaniards were probably aware of the nature of the voyage before it was projected. All the erew acceded to the proposition. Instead of proceeding to St. Thomas, for which port she had shipped, the Echo shaped her course for the Coast of Africa, When she reached Congo River she landed two Spaniards. the slave agents, who went to look after the cargo, and the Echo proceeded to an island on the coast for water and fresh provisions. They were chased from the island by a French brig-of-war, from which they escaped in a fog.

Returning thence to the coast, they took 470 slaves on board, 160 of whom died on the passage. Captain Townsend then gave up the command of the vessel to a Spaniard, and shipped as a passenger on the brig. This is the frequent ruse in the slave-trade to avoid the responsibility in case of capture. The Spanish captain baying calculated his reckening incorrectly, the brigran ashore in the night at Abaco, in the Bahama Islands. Floating off at high water, she proceeded on her voyage, and at day-light passed Sagua la Grande. when she discovered the Dolphin making toward her under British colors. She supposed the Dolphin to be a Spanish brig, which had boisted British colors for a ruse, not supposing that there was any American vessel of war cruising among the West Indies, or if there was, that any American vessel would take sufficient interest in the matter to interfere. When it became evident that the Dolphin was gaining on her. the crew of the slaver knocked out the hedges from her masts and sawed down and cast overboard her bulwarks, to increase her speed. At the same time the liquor-closets were opened, and the excitement of the chase was hightened by the general intoxication of the crew. No less exciting was the scene on board of the Dolphin, though the artificial stimuli were not resorted to there. The Dalphin's men were confident of a capture, and this confidence was increased when it became evident that they were rapidly gaining on the slaver. Already the negroes were observed on the deck of the Eche, After a chase of nearly nine hours the Dolphin fired two blank cartridges at the Echo to make her show her colors. This was not regarded, and Capt. Maffit ordered a shot to be fired, which passed a few feet from her stern. The Echo then ran up American colors, and the Dolphin immediately hanled down the British flag and ran up the stars and stripes. The next shot fired passed between the mosts of the slaver, and seeing that she was entirely at the mercy of the Dolphin, the Echo then hauled down the American colors. Capt. Maffit dispatched Lieut. Bradford, two other officers, and sixteen men abourd the slaver, who took possession of her. Capt. Maffit himself subsequently visited the Echo. He states that although presenting a sail spectacle, the condition of the Echo and the slaves was much better than that of most slavers and eargoes. Capt. Townsend states that they had been enhance their value in market. They were the captives of warlike tribes brought to the Coast and placed in barracoons. While awaiting the arrival of the slave ship they were fed on roots and esculents, and scantily fed at that, and their close confinement was terrible On the Echo, Capt. Townsend states, they were fed on rice, beans, slivers of pork, and a quart of water, and a small quantity of whisky each day. Tobacco was also given them, and they were exceedingly foud of it.

Capt. Townsend is at no loss to find excuse for his act. He states that the slave-trade is humanity to the prisoners taken by the warlike tribes in Africa; that before they were not sold to the traders they were put to death in cold blood, and that the captives in the Echo would prefer a life in a plantation to the sufferings they endured at the hands of their enemies in the barracoons. He says that the horrors of the slave trade, as depicted by writers, are based upon the imagination, and are only true as regard the trade carried on by the Spanish and Portuguese.

Capt. Townsend is connected with an honorable family in Rhode Island. He distinguished himself in the war with Campeachy for his determination and His last exploit will bring disgrace upon an bonorable name, and tarnish the luster of his previous achievements. He is somewhat dejected and melancholy, but is confident of escaping the extreme penalty of his crime by the verdict of a South Carolina jury. He expresses his gratification at being captured by an American vessel of war, and is grateful to Lieut. Matht for the kind treatment he has received at his hands while a prisoner. He has not at any time been placed in irons, but has been confined below decks, guarded by a sentry.

The Dolphin presents the appearance of having passed through hard service. This being the first cargo of slaves ever recaptured by an American vessel and brought to an American port, the position of the Dolphin and her officers is now one of peculiar interest.

POLICE FORAY IN WATER STREET .- A sound of Fourth Precinct Police, under charge of Sergeant Soaman, made a foray between 11 and 12 o'clock last night upon two of the vile dens in Water street, one of them kept by John Allen alias "Schoolmaster John," at No. 304, the other by William Mackeral at No. 318. The proprietors and the female inmates were all captured and taken to the Station-Houses The arrests were made by virtue of a war-rant issued by one of the Police Magistrates before whom complaints against the places had been made. Piffsen persons in all were arrested, whose names, ages and place of birth were given as follows :

жаже ана Аде.	Country
John Alieu, landlord, 38	United States.
William Harris, bar-tender, 22.	United States
William Mackerel, landlerd, 22.,	United States
Ann McCarthy, 22	Ireland
Mary Ann Gardner, 30	England
Ann Smith, 21	Ireland
Jane Masson, 43	Canada
Ann Mathews, 32	Inducat
Rose McLaughlin, 30	Ireland
Catharine Lews, 23	Ilmited Status
Catherine Seilmont, 19.	United States
atharine Hamilton, 22	Protest States.
le wphine Sammers, 20	The state of the state of
Lv. 'a Dukes, 22	Cannot States.
Hant & Wabbrooks, 30	Thinks States,
Bank Washington	

The fen 'ale prisoners when locked up, began a terrible uprear, which they continued nearly the whole of the night. They will be brought up for examination this morning beteve Justice Weish.

MR. E. G. DELEVAN AND GERRIT SMITH. Edward C. Delevan, esq., late President of the New York State

Temperance Society. DEER SIR: In your recent letter to the Temperance Convention at Uties, you justify your strong preference of the Hon, Gerrit Smith for Governor, by referring to what he has done for Temperance the last thirty years. You are not alone in your estimate of the value of the Temperance labors of that distinwhom I have loved more sincerely or honored more highly than Gerrit Smith, both for his excellent private character, his universal philanthropy, his munificent benevolence, and his eminent services in behalf of a cause to which I have literally given in hard labor

fifteen of the best years of my life. Much, however, as I love Mr. Smith, I love Free dom and Tengerance so much more, that I cannot join in any efforts to induce the friends of Temperance and in any efforts to induce the triends of Temperance and Freedom to give him their votes. As your commendation of him is altogether in view of the past, allow me to suggest the propriety of your communicating once more with the public, and stating, as frankly as in your other letter, whether you are in harmony with his present political opinions and positions. In view of these, is he still your first choice for Governor of the

Do you want a Governor who would " summon the Do you want a Governor who would "summon the "whole military power of the State to put down, as a "mob, any number of Judges, Jurors, or witnesses, even if the probable action of such a Court should be to render up a fugitive?" Are you prepared to see the Military Executive crush out the Judgesary? At most, the Governor is but a coordinate effect of the Government, created and his duties and powers defined by the same Constitution. Do you want a Governor who "considers the Constitution of this State of no consequence whatever "when the this State of no

who "considers the Constitution of this State of no "consequence whatever," when the "rhetorical flourishes" of that instrument stand in the way of his infallible judgment or of his vaulting ambition?

Mr. Smith says that President Bachanan could not have been elected if he had passed the ordeal of a public questioning. Perhaps not, if he had had the frankness, not to say folly, to expose his most obnoxious points. Probably, however, the men of this nation in 1856 would have received the whole Kansas policy of the President quite as readily as the people of New-York in 1858 will receive the modest proposal of Mr. Smith to assume an absolute military dictatorship, for he certainly proposes nothing less. Laws and the Legislature are but the creations of the Constitution, and if this can be nullified, or its existence and the Legislature are but the creations of the Con-stitution, and if this can be nullified, or its existence ignored by the Executive, what shall prevent the Governor from marching, at the head of the Albany Burge-ses Corps, into the Senate Chamber and com-manding them to pass his personal liberty bill, or a prohibitory liquor law, or any other law to carry out his measures or maintain his assumptions! Or what shall hinder him from driving both Senate and As-sembly from the capitol at the point of the bayonet, if they attempt to pass any law that he does not ap-neve!

Call not these things fancies. They are legitimate deductions from Mr. Smith's threat to put down, as a mob, judges, jurors and witnesses sitting or attending in open Court, and his declaration that "the Constimob, judges, jurors and witnesses sitting or attending in open Court, and his declaration that "the Constitution is of no consequence whatever." Certainly the Legislature is no more sacred, nor further removed from gubernatorial surveillance than is the Supreme Court. Say not, neither, that Mr. Smith cannot mean all this. No matter if he does not. When Louis Napoleon first nominated himself, or obtained his ewn nomination for the elective office of President of the Republic of France, it is not likely that he had then even conceived the idea, much less majured the plan, of the coup d'état that made him Emperer. Nor has Mr. Smith forgotten who revolted from the prediction of his own future course, saying: "Is thy servant a "dog that he should do this thing?" Yet the one became Emperer, and the other neted out the bloody tyrant, as soon as they had gained an absolute and unlimited control of the military. Mr. Smith declares that when he takes the Governor's chair, he shall assume this control of the military, independent of, and superior to, the laws, the Legislature, the Constitution and the Courts. Now, if any number of Judges, Jurors and witnesses may be put down as a mob, then any number of citizens, assembled to devise measures for the protection of the Courts, may be dispersed or shot down by the military, at the command of this same absolute dictator. Mr. Smith may call this his higher law, but not such was that eternal principle of right avowed by our astute and honored Senator. That was proposed as the rule of duty for legislators; this is nothing but the irresponsible will of a despot.

To a few other points I would just call your attention. Are you, Sir, like Mr. Smith, opposed to the system of public schools? Would you have the system at once abandoned? Would you have the system at once abandoned? Would you have the system of public schools? Would you have the system o

give them away! No company or corporation could buy them or conduct them, unless it be the Central Railrond, Would you then pay the canal debts and support the State by direct taxation! Would you insupport the State by direct taxation? Would you inaugurate the policy of allowing women to vote and to
hold office? On these matters, however important, I
cannot dwell. Many of Mr. Smith's best friends and
warnest admirers stand amazed at his avowal of such
sentiments. His personal character, his unsuffied
reputation, the purity of his life, his gentleness, philanthropy, and benevolence, all would have forbade
the pessibility, had he not taken precisely the way he
has to force these sentiments upon the public. Equally
astonished, also, are the public at the thought that it
s for these sentiments, or even with them, that Mr. S.
s your first choice for Governor.

The recent reappearance of your letter simultaneously in various papers, unless you disavow the publi-

ously in various papers, unless you disavow the publication and withdraw the recommendation it contains, authorizes the presumption that you prefer Mr. Smith for Governor, not only in view of his past life and labors for temperance, but in view of the astounding avowals which public examinations have drawn from him since your letter was written. May you not, then, with much propriety, speak once more in your usual way to the public, and let us all know, without any doubt, whether you recommend Mr. Smith for what he now is, and says, and proposes to do, as well as for what he was, and said and did, many years ago. Your letter, I am aware, was addressed personally sly in various papers, unless you disavow the publi-

Your letter, I am aware, was addressed personally to Gen. Smith, President of the State Temperance So-ciety, but as it was manifestly not intended for him to Gen. Smith, President of the State Tempérance So-ciety, but as it was manifestly not intended for him alone, but for the Society at its quarterly meeting, and for the people of the State, I trust you will not deem it a breach of courtesy for me to have addressed this to you in such a way as to reach a portion of the thousands by whom your letter has been read. With great respect, your obedient servant, CHARLES J. WARREN, New-York, Monday, Sept. 6, 1258.

## PERSONAL.

- The Trustees of the Dudley Observatory have published a statement concerning their relations with Dr. Gould and Messrs. Henry, Bache and Peirce, of which we shall presently lay the substance before our readers. In this statement they introduce more than fifty alleged extracts of letters from Dr. Gould. These xtracts Dr. Gould, in a letter to the Albany papers of esterday, declares to be "in nearly every case fialsified, distorted and garbled." Out of the number only six are given unchanged, while "thirty-one are grossly altered and perverted-sometimes by suppression of qualifying clauses, sometimes by transpoition and combination of sentences from different portions of the letter-frequently by actual insertion of words and phrases, and still more frequently by omission of essential words and sentences. But in all these thirty-one cases the motive is evidently to lead the reader to false inferences; to make the writer appear as saying what he neither said, nor intended to say-very often, indeed, the reverse of what he said distinctly."

-Mr. Richmond, State Engineer, is at Lyons,

STABBING CASE.-Yesterday afternoon several seanen and others among whom were a Mr. Newkirk, Wm. Campbell, Henry Cornell and Mathew Mickay, went into the bar-room of Jacob Wilson, No. 108 South street and called for drinks, which were furnished them. In a little time thereafter a difficulty occurred among the party as to who should pay for the liquor, when Newkirk, as is alleged, drew a sheath knife and attempted to stab Mr. Wilson. The barkeeper came to the rescue of his employer, when a general fight ensued. The police were finally called in and arrested all the parties above mentioned and conveyed them to the Lower Police Court before Justice Osborne. On complaint of Mr. Wilson, Newkirk, Campbell, Cornell, and Mickay were locked up to answer the charge of felonious assault and battery.

A NEW REPUBLICAN PAPER .- The Lynn Bay State for a long time a Democratic organ, published by Lewis Josselyn, esq., has been sold to Messrs. N. N. Withington and Joseph Sprague. Mr. Sprague is a practical printer, and Mr. Withington has had experience in the editorial harness. The Bay State will in future advecate Republican sent ments.

DELEGATES TO THE REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION.

At Bany-by District, Wm. H. Slingerland, Joseph Hilton, M. J. G. Trondwell, Adam J. Watner, Ed. Thorlow Weed, H. H. Van Dyck, 4th, R. Van Valkenburgh, Lorenzo D. Cellics, All. P. G. W. St. Walkenburgh, Lorenzo D. Cellics, Y-Levi Dimmick, Stephen D. Hand,
UNIV.-let District, Gideon Scarles, Gen S. McIn-

CATTARAUCUS—18 Dictrict, Gideon Scarles, Gen S. McInsh. 2d, J. P. Darfinz, G. A. S. Crocker,
CAYUGA—1st District, Wm. Beach, Wm. Wyman, M. T. M.
omerry, N. P. Stevene,
CHAUTAUQUS—1st District, S. H. Hangerford, S. Steward,
G. F. W. Felmer, H. W. Hawkins,
CHEMING—

HENENGOLINTON-Nather Laplant, Thomas Armstrong,
LINTON-Nather, Laplant, David S. Cowles, Hiram W. Dixon,
Churles L. Beale, Wright H. Barres.

CORTLAND—

INCLAWARE—

DUTCHESS—Ist District, A. H. Schutz, Jacob B. Carpenter.

M. Stephen Baker, Daniel A. Cuck.

ERIF—Ist District, E. G. Spanding, Joseph Stringham, M.

John L. Talcott, Benj, Wesch, Jr. 3d, J. B. Youngs, D. Stan
lard, 4th, Chas, A. Sill, A. G. Compar, Jr.

ERSEX—Wendell Lussing, Oliver Abel, Jr.

FRANKLIN—A. B. Farmelee, H. H. Thompson,

FULTON AND HAMILTON—Win, G. Wart, Edward Wells,

GENERE—John A. Cooke, John Chough,

HERKIMER—Jet District, Horace M. Burch, Erra Graves,

M. Gülver B. Beales, Ralph Simons,

JEYFERSON—Ist District, F. A. Khap, George A. Gales, 2d,

C. Charth, John Hodgkins, 3d, Joseph Fayel, R. B. Blid
Econ.

leconi.
Kivas—Let District, George Stilwell, John N. Scorris, M. ein Cashow, Charles Parker, 5d, D. B. Hashronck, Joseph revers, 4th, F. J. McMullen, S. M. Parsons, 5th, Chas. Jones, athony F. Campbell, 6th, J. S. Burr, S. T. Maddux, 7th, S. Cone, A. De Matt.

Revere. 4th. F. J. Schmidt, S. M. J. S. Barr, S. T. Maadaw. 7th. S. B. Coo. A. De Matt.
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Lewis-J. A. Willard, Lyman R. Lyon.
Lewis-J. A. Willard, Lyman R. Lyon.
Livitsosyrox—let District, Lewis E. Smith, E. Sheldon. 24,
H. Dyer, Albert Page.
Middisox—let District, B. Giss, John Philippe. 24, S. P.
Allen, J. B. Bennett, 2d, Wm. C. Sayton, Samuel Wood,
McKyrochert, E. Giss, John Philippe. 24, S. P.
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Allen, J. B. Bennett, 2d, Wm. C. Sayton, Samuel Wood,
McKyrochert, D. W. Tei Broeck, Geo. Yort.
New York—1st District, Amazinh B. Barber, James H. Welsh,
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James B. Taylor, Ambrew Blaxely, 6th, Thomas Bennett,
George A. Domisloon, 2th, Wm. H. Anthon, Nolso D. Thyper,
lith, Andrew Craft, Benjamin Hutchine, 2th, Issas Daylon,
George Feckham; 1eth, Edwin D. Morgan, Thomas Little;
lith, William L. Stewart, John V. Gridley, 12th, F. A. Goetz,
Peter Shuires, 12th, James W. Nye, John Yew, 14th, Benjamin
F. Maniserre, Edward P. Cawles, 15th, James F. Warsen, Win,
Easterbrook, 18th, Wm. A. Doedey, James P. Fagan, 17th,
Abrahan Wakeman, John P. Cumming.
Nigarak —1st District, B. T. Jones, John Snook, 2d, Allen
Manroe, Alonic Crippen., 3d, D. G. Dorrance, Robert Frazier,
4th, David B. Danforth, Luther Guiteau.
ONONDAGA—1st District, D. T. Jones, John Snook, 2d, Allen
Manroe, Alonic Crippen., 3d, Alson W. Evans, Ambrose
Smith,
ONYAKIO—1st District, Myron S. Hall, Ellisha W. Grainer.

Minnee, Alonzo Crippen, 3d, Anson W. Evans, Ambrose Smith.

ONTARIO-1st Distric, Myron S. Hall, Elisha W. Greiner, M. John Q. Howe, Geo. B. Dusenberry.

ORANGE—1st District, John Bigelow, H. D. Copley. 2d, Geo. M. Greer, John G. Wilkin.

ORLEANS—Siles A. Andrews, F. G. Pettengill.

ORWEGO—2d Bistrict, Chauncey, S. Sage, John Driggs. 3d, Henry Emmons, J. J. Wolcott.

O'SEGS—1st District, O. W. Ernst, L. D. Brown. 2d, Richard Franchot, David B. St. John.

PLYMAN—Geo. F. Sherman, John G. Miller.

QUEENS—1st District, Parks Godwin, Geo. C. Baker. 2d, Win. L. Lafur, N. Van Noetsand.

RENSSELAES—1st District, Thomas Clowes, Thomas B. Carroll, 2d, Gideon Reymolds, N. M. Masters. 3d, John L. School
realt, P. H. Thomas.

REASSILARS—18: District.

Richmosts—18: District.

Richmosts—Sammel L. Hopping, Joseph Egbert, Henry Crabites, John Scott.

ROCKLAND—John B. Wandle, Alex. Davidson.

SARATOGA—18: District. Geo. B. Powell, W.m. Cary. 2d, Alex. H. Palmer, Waldo M. Potter.

SCHENKTADY—Nicholas Shermerhorn, J. S. Landon.

SCHONETADY—Nicholas Shermerhorn, J. S. Landon.

SCHONETADY—Nicholas Shermerhorn. Schonarie—J. H. Ramssy, S. H. Mix.

SCHUYLER—Charles Cook. Alzernon Selve.

SEYELS—T. Roserfman, A. T. Khox.

ST. LAWRENCE—18: District. D. M. Chapin, Harlow Godard.

2d, William B. Goodrich, M. McAllister. 3d, E. W. Foster, O. F. Shepard.

William B. Goodrich, M. McAlister,
Shepard,
Shepard,
Striture—1st District, S. H. Hammond, C. G. Highy, 2d,
Striture—1st District, S. H. Hammond, C. G. Highy, 2d,
T. Harrower, Orange Seymour, 3d, Hugh Magee, Elon G.
T. Harrower, Orange Seymour, Charles H. Dayton,

Duffy,
Surved K.—let District, Morgan Morgans, Charles H. Dayton,
M. Carlos D. Stewart, Richard W. Smith,
Sullivan—J. H. Devine, James C. Cartis,
Timox—L. Traman, Gen. Westbrook,
Tomexis—Geo. W. Schuyler, Homer Jennings,
Ularra—His District, Joseph M. Boies, Benj. B. Hoornbeck,
M. Jas. G. Graham, Lewis Bevier, 3d, N. T. Childs, Simon D.
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Washington-let District, John McLean, Mr. Sellegg, 2d.
sistrict, O. Thompson, F. L. Brayton.
Washington-let District, Saxon B. Gavitt, Wm. Edwards, 2d.
listrict, Jos. W. Gates, Cark Mason.
Wistrictstyne, let District, W. T. B. Millikon, J. H. Steadrell; 2d. District, Theodore H. Benedict, Edmand. Porter;
d District, Channey M. De Pew, Odel Close.
Wyoning. YATES Samuel V. Miller, Myron H. Weaver

ATTEMP TO SHOOT THE BAR-KEEPER OF THE PRES-COTT HOUSE.—A middle-aged man of respectable appearance, who gave his name as —— Stevenson, called at the Prescott House, Broadway, and partook of supper, then asked for his umbrella, which he had placed in charge of the bar-keeper. The latter refused to give up the umbrella until the supper had been paid for, when Stevenson went out in search of a policeman, and meeting with Officer Robertson of the Eighth Ward, requested him to go into the hotel and demand his umbrella for him. Officer R. declining to comply with his request. Stevenson returned to the hotel and again demanded the delivery of his umbrella, and on the bar-keeper's refusal to give it up, pulled out a pisto and discharged it at the bar-keeper; fortunately, how-

NEW-YORK HARMONIC SOCIETY,-This society, on the invitation of Mayor Tiemann, D. D. Field, Peter Cooper, Gen. Hall and others, will repeat, in the Crystal Palace, on Friday night, the music given at the Cable celebration, with additions from the old

ever, without any injurious effect. Stevenson was

taken into custody by Officer Van Cott of the Fif-

teenth Ward, and locked up for examination.

At the monthly meeting of the Board of the New York City Tract Society, held at the Chapel of the Theological Seminary of University place, Monday evening, 30th August, the following statistical report

evening, 30th August, are
was presented:
Missionaries for the last month, 23, for eight months, 28.
Number of visitors, 1,111, average, 1,126. Number of tracts
distributed, 104,025 average, 706,217. Bibles supplied to the
destitute, 64; average, 727. Testaments supplied to children
and others, 75, average, 523. Volumes lent from the Ward Libraries, 18c; average, 2,439. Children gathered into Sabbath
Schools, 19c; average, 2,439. Children gathered into Fublic
Schools, 12; average, 335. Persons gathered finto Bible Classes,
Schools, 12; average, 335. Persons induced to attend Church, 271, Schools, 150; average, 2,035. Considers gathered into Public Schools, 152; average, 350. Persons gathered fine Blide Clauses, 24; average, 250. Temperature pledges obtained, 24; average, 250. Temperature pledges obtained, 24; average, 250. District Prayer-meetings held, 150; average, 4,760. Back-shders reclaimed, 5; average, 72. Persons hopefully converted, 153; average, 559. Converts united with Evangelical Churches, 130; average, 454.

MOSTHLY REPORT of the Dispensaries of the C New-York for the Month of August, 1858. Grand
Totals.

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Fastern
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Fastern
Depensity.
Northern
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Now York
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Number male patients...1,623 666 1,171 1,151 562 5,200 Number female patients.2,475 1,170 1,487 1,681 668 7,721 Totals.......4.698 1.836 2.514 2.932 1.590 12.920 rescriptions inspensed by the 3,544 3,542 2,735. During the month of August, as above shown, Medical and Surical services, saccination and medicine were afforded gratulously to 12,824 persons.

The principal causes of death were consumption and oboleration than the services of the serv

factum.

The prevailing diseases chiefly affected the digestive system, mong the most important were cholera infantum, diarrhea and

The Removal of the Semisoles.—We learn that the Secretary of the Interior has prepared instructions for Col. Elias Rector, Superintendent of Indian Affairs in the South-west, directing him to take measures for the removal of the Seminoles remaining in Florida, It was under the management of Col. R. that Billy Bowlegs and his party were removed to the West, and it is confidently believed that his further efforts in this respect will be successful, if the white negative who has been considered. t is considering order to the white people who live respect will be successful, if the white people who live adjacent to the haunts of the Indians still in Florida will not interfere with them, so as to induce them to retire not interfere with them, so as to mance them to retire to their hidding-places in the impenetrable morrasses, Col. R. will visit Florida as soon as the season permits, taking a few of the Seminoles now in the West with him, with the intention that they shall bunt up those still remaining and induce them to remove.

[Washington Star. Sept. 4.

STEAM CANAL BOAT.—The Syracuse Journal says that Messrs. Hess & Hadley, of that city, are building a new steam canal boat. It differs from all other steam canal crafts in this particular; instead of a screw wheel placed in the stern of the boat, it has regular paddle wheels at its sides which are movable or adjustable, and on approaching a lock they are drawn in sufficiently to allow the boat to pass through the locks. It will be ready for an experimental trip in about ten or fifteen days. Its success is considered certain.

The funeral of Miss Kincaid, who was killed by the The inneral of Miss Rincaid, who was kined by the late accident on the Allegheny Valley Raifroad, took place yesterday afterneon from the residence of her father. It was attended by a great number of sympathizing friends and acquaintances of the family. The procession was nearly a mile long.

[Pittsburgh Journal, Satorday.]

COMMERCIAL MATTERS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange-Serr. 6, 1838. 6: 900 24 100 do. do 500 25 250 do. do 500 25 7 Eric R. R. do 560 141 200 C. | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 25 Del & Hud.C.Co.ateht 29 Parine M. S. S. Co 52 50 Lilinois Central R. R 50 de 560 92 100 Cleve & Toledo R. I 50 de 60 91 105 C. & R. Island R. R. 

7,000 Del. Lac. & Western R. R. 75. 6,000 Det & Mil. R. R. 75. 5,000 Watert'n City B. 8,000 Hark Co. fil. B. 3,000 Chicago, St. Paul & Fond du Lac Bs. 2,500 Hil. Cen. R. R. 75. 250 Hil. Cen. R. R. 75. 250 Carchivental Bank 40 People's Bank 20 Metropolitan Bank 10 Security F. Ins. Co. 200 de. 

Mospay, Sept. 6-P. M.

There were more active and vigorous move ments in the Stock market to-day, though confined to a few of the prominent share and hond securities. The improvement in the traffic of several of the Western Railway lines has raised hopes of a gradual revival in business, and the settlement of the Central and Eric difficulty, which is now generally considered certain, nerenses the confidence of operators for the rise. There is but little cooperation as yet, on the part of the outside public, so far as active participation in the movements indicates a certain sympathy, but there is undoubtedly a stronger disposition to hold stocks for a better market, on the strength of the more favorable aspect of things. The transactions of the First Board were quite animated in New-York Central, which up to 80 with considerable strength, went though hammered vigorously toward the close on sellers option contracts. There was a strong market also for Michigan Southern old and preferred stocks, and a steady, well-sustained demand for Reading and Rock Island, all at a fair advance over the closing prices of Saturday. Eric advanced 1, and was in fair demand without especial buoyancy. Pacific Mail sold at 92, and was tolerably well maintained, but was offered more freely on sellers' options. The bears have had an unpleasant experience thus far in short sales of this stock, but seem inclined to try new ventures at the comparatively high figures now ruling. The largest bond movement of the day vas in Missouri 6s, which sold to the extent of \$183,000 touching 85 on time, and 843 cash. The sale of \$100. 000 at 85 b60, was made in a single lot, and made regular by the buyer. Tennessees declined \$. Virginia's advanced \$. California old and new bonds declined I P cent. In Railway bonds there was but a moderate business; but the inclination of the market was upon the whole rather favorable. There was quite an animated demand for Michigan Southern Second Mortgages, which advanced to 551, a gain of 11 P cent, and after the Board the bids were up to 56. The very encouraging statement of the August traffic on this road, which we annex, has given a favorable impulse to its bonds and shares. At the Second Board prices were steady, and upon the whole slightly better, without marked act vity in any particular stock. Michigan Southern shaves are in good request, the old shares seiling up to 24? immediately after the adjournment, and the Preferred at 46‡. The closing prices were, for New-York Central, 79‡@80: Eric, 18‡@18‡; Michigan Southern, old, 24‡@24‡; Preferred, 46‡@47; Rock Island, 72‡@73;

Galena 83 | 2 834; Reading, 49 | 2 494, &c. The Foreign Exchange market is firm, but has not essentially changed as to rates since our last quotations. The range for sterling bills is from 1094 z 110. with but scanty sales at anything above the minimum figures given. Commercial signatures rule at from 109 | # 109 |. Francs are quoted at 5,13 | # 5,11 |.

The business of the Sub-Treasury was: Receipts \$73,051 12-\$69,000 from Customs; Payments, \$109, 681 21-\$300,000 sent to St. Louis; Balance, \$12,740,

Freights are dull. To Liverpool, 700 bbls, Flour at 9d.; Cotton at [#5-32d.; 1,000 bbls. Rosin at 1s. 2d. #1s. 3d.; 9,000 bush, Wheat # steamer on private terms. To London, 50 tuns Oil Cake at 10s.; 300 bbls, Rosin at 2s. # 280 fb.; 10,000 galls. Oil at 20s.; 100 boxes Cheese at 30s. A ship to Buenos Ayres with Lumber at \$15.50. A Bremen bark with Naval Stores to Hull at 2s. 71d. The brig L. D. Carver to north side of Cuba and back at 40c, for Sugar and \$3 for Molasses. A brig to Cuba, with the privilege of another port, at 40c. for Sugar,

The Bank returns, although not unsatisfactory, do not

come up to our anticipations in the specie column. The loans show a slight decrease; too small to lead to the suspicion of any voluntary movement on the part of the banks toward contraction.

The comparative statement is as follows:

The movement of the Banks since Nov. 1, 1855, has been as follows:

been as follows:

Loans. Specie. Circulation. Deposits.

Nov. 24, 1835. \$92.312.408 \$411.715.239 \$47.779.667 \$74.675.154

Jan. 3, 1857. 109.149.153 11.172.244 \$592.113 95.946.216

Jan. 31.1857. 111.785.433 11.172.244 \$592.113 95.946.216

Feb. 7, 1857. 112.78.713 11.145.848 \$4.828.17 \$6.324.88 92.406.296

Feb. 7, 1857. 111.695.699 11.787.346 \$4.685.477 95.358.222

April 4, 1857. 111.695.699 11.787.346 \$4.685.477 95.358.222

May 20, 1357. 114.696.275 12.069.811 \$0.065.663 99.159.772

July 6, 1857. 115.388.392 113.515 \$8.396.793 95.945.913

July 6, 1857. 115.388.392 13.184.713 \$8.396.792 95.944.913

July 6, 1857. 115.388.392 13.184.713 \$8.396.5422 94.485.877

Sept. 5, 1857. 120.77.252 11.797.967 \$8.917.409 \$4.686.472

Oct. 31.1857. 190.550.349 11.99.137.79.97 \$917.409 \$4.686.472

Oct. 31.1857. 190.550.349 11.99.137.79.161.02 \$67.967.851

Oct. 17, 1857. 95.388.348 10.441.615 \$6.884.709 \$787.851

Oct. 17, 1857. 95.388.348 10.441.615 \$6.884.709 \$787.851

Oct. 24, 1857. 95.388.348 10.441.615 \$6.884.709 \$7.398.382

Oct. 24, 1857. 95.388.348 10.441.615 \$6.884.709 \$7.398.382

Oct. 24, 1857. 95.388.348 10.441.615 \$6.884.709 \$7.398.384

Nov. 7, 1057. 95.386.348 16.441.615 \$6.884.709 \$7.398.384

Nov. 7, 1057. 95.386.348 16.441.615 \$6.884.709 \$7.398.384

Nov. 7, 1057. 95.387.744 18.483.648 \$7.484.6164

Nov. 7, 1057. 95.386.348 16.441.615 \$6.884.709 \$7.398.384

Nov. 7, 1057. 95.386.348 16.441.615 \$6.884.709 \$7.398.984

Nov. 7, 1057. 95.386.348 16.441.615 \$6.884.709 \$7.398.984 115.04.993 12.887,348 129.67.050 12.913.013 129.077.252 11.797.367 102.227.265 10.227.965 105.835.499 11.499.473 101.917.699 11.470.293 93.245.656 7.343,289 93.646.318 12.883.411 93.066.241 16.492.192 93.531.773 26.09.363 95.349.903 26.561.965 96.792.757 29.175,838 102.199.999 31.275,838 102.199.999 31.275,838 102.199.999 31.275,838 31,592,600 52,005,495 33,199,449 34,113,891 35,644,145 34,700,729 34,047,446 31,490,144 52,700,323 32,977,323 32,977,323 32,977,323 32,977,323 32,977,323 34,146,606 34,705,596 35,223,184 7,307,445 101,617,869 1,354,616 99,551,901 5,541,859 101,489,365 7,267,831 102,149,470 7,271,600 101,683,564 7,567,173 106,422,725 7,571,173 106,422,725 7,571,045 105,470,386 7,581,045 105,470,386 7,784,415 107,454,715 7,784,415 107,454,715

116,022,152

118,163,837

of Loans and of Capital Discounts. Specia A.Tr. 1.483,900 519.456 Total . . . 66,108,135 125,825,840 28,048,664 7,748,249 103,847,811

Clearings to Aug. 30, six days. \$97,145,251,25 Clearings to Sept. 6, six days. \$92,405,281 d5 Balancs to Aug. 30, six days. \$6,833,584 39 Balancs to Sept. 6, six days. \$6,733,324 39

The Receipts and Expenses of the Michigan Southern and Northern Indiana Railroad for the month of August, and for same month last year, as per Auditor's statement (partly estimated), are :

. \$21,095 10 Decrease in expenses.

Add increase in receipts as above..... #72,542 77 21,095 15 Making a gain in net earnings over August, 1857, #93,637 95

S. Draper's daily anction sale of bonds and stocks will take place to-morrow (Tuesday,) at 121 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange. The receipts of the Little Miami Railroad for

August were \$113,533 against about \$96,000 for the corresponding month last year.

The exchanges at the Clearing-House to-day were \$20,649,946 66, and the balances \$1,009,405 52. At the annual meeting of the Central Ohio Railroad Com-

pany, held at Ganesville, on Tuesday last, the old Board was reelected with the exception of three members, Mesers, Davenport, Talant and McKeon, whose places were filled by Messrs. W. B. Brooks, James H. Carter and D. McCartney.

The loan of three millions, recently negotiated in London, it is stated in rather a mysterious way, is for the construction of a broad gauge of line of road from the Eric at Olean or Little Valley, through Pennsylvania and Ohio, to connect at Cincinnati with the broad guage Ohio and Mississippi road to St. Louis. We have no reason for doubting the accuracy of the statement, except upon the general supposition that English capitalists are not at present much inclined to make new investments in American railway schemes. Possibly this negotiation, when fully explained, may be a "barter trade" for iron, which would change its character as an item of financial news materially. We can hardly believe that John Bull has opened his pockets in this liberal and confident way in aid of an extension of railway enterprise, in a country where it has been so much overdone at his expense already.

We annex a monthly summary of Imports at the Port of New-York for August, 1858:

 Specie & Bullion.
 6,582.00 Withd warring to 3,10,00 w

 Weekly Summary of Exports from the Port of New York for the year 1850.

 From Merchandse.
 \$4,660,272 Specie and Bullion.
 \$2,201,802

 Foreign Duties.
 224,459
 For Free.
 \$7,189,186

ASHES-The demand for Pots is steady at \$6; Pearls com-

mand the same price and are salable.

COTTON—The market is firmer, and more active, sales of 3,500 bales. We quote Middling Uplands at 134c., and Gulf a

158c.

16c.

COAL—The demand for Domestic is fair and the market is very firm. Foreign is unsettled and is very quier; sales of 20 time. Newcastle on private terms.

FLOUR AND MEAL—The impuly for Western Canal Flour is steady, but with liberal arrivals prives are easier. Western Extres are more abundant, and are very heavy at the decline; there is little impuly; for export and only a moderate business doing for the East; the sales are 3.400 blue, at \$3.700 \$3.85 for unseum State, \$3.500 \$4.10 for rejected superfine State, \$4.15 for \$6.00 \$4.10 for rejected superfine State, \$4.15 \$6.500 \$4.50 for your \$4.10 for \$6.500 \$4.50 for your \$4.10 for \$6.500 \$4.50 for your \$6.10 for \$6.500 \$4.50 for your \$6.10 for \$6.500 \$4.50 for your \$6.10 for \$6.500 \$4.50 for shipping brands round hosp extra Ohio; \$5.500 \$4.70 for extra \$6.000 \$4.50 for \$6.500 \$4.70 for extra \$6.000 \$4.50 for \$6.500 \$4.70 for extra \$6.000 \$4.70 for extra \$6.0

or #4.35. Corn Meal is steady, calcs of 290 bbis. at #4.10 for Jersey, and #4.75 for Brandywine.

\*RRUTS—The market is quiet: sales of 50 bbis, shelled Almond at The. By auction, cargo of bark Zephyr, of 570 bgs. Palermo Lemons, at \$1.300.#2.5 & box.

FISH—The market is quiet, and prices unchanged.

GRAIN—The inquiry for Wheat is more active, and there is a good degree of firmness noticeable, with more doing for export; the sales are 4.600 bush, more fed Southern at #1.100 \$1.500 bush. White Michigan at #1.250 #1.40 for old and new; 400 bush, inferior White Illinois at #1.21; a small bot of new White Canada or Obio at #1.30, 2.500 bush. Red Indiana at #1.22, and 15.250 bush. Or old and are quite heavy at 6.752c, for State, and Scalific, for Western. Rive is in fair request and is steady; sales of \$,500 bush, at 75.270c.—the latter rate for choice. Corn is freely offered and unswind is again a shade lower; tales of 55.000 bush, at 63.26c for Notathern mixed; 2007 bush error for fair to good dec., 63.270c, for Southern mixed; 2007 bush error mixed; 2007 bush error which is ready; as and \$1.600 bush at 63.26c for hot mixed; 2007 bush error for fair to good dec., 63.270c, for Southern mixed; 2007 bush error when Wellow Southern Round Yellow is nominal at 20.270c. Grunning the sales of \$1.000 bush at 63.270c for ordinary to prime Yellow Southern Round Yellow is nominal at 20.270c. GUNNY BAGS AND CLOTH-At Boston the market is

GUNNY BAOS AND CLOTH-At Boston the market is quiet for Bacs, with no sales to report. The demand for Clisticostinues moderate, but most holders are very firm; sales of 330 bales, 2.124 22.15 in average, at 154716c. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ vard, \$\frac{1}{2}\$ mass.

HOPS continue to be firmly held, at \$\frac{1}{2}\$ like, for 1857s, the receipts of 1850s are very small—not over 25 bales have been received thus far. The accounts from the country are more discouraging for verifings than were at first received.

HAY-A fair shipping demand and the market is firmer; sales of 600 bales at \$60. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ to 02 \$\frac{1}{2}\$.

HIDES-Moderate sales are making at full prices, sales of 300 California at \$26. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ months. I was a surface of \$\frac{1}{2}\$ and \$\frac{1}{2}\$ for months I have seen and \$\frac{1}{2}\$ considered.

HAY—A fair shipping demand and the market is firmer; sales of 600 bales at 50. \$6 100 B).

HIDES—Moderate sales are making at full prices; sales of 3,000 California at 50.6, 6 months; 1,500 wet saled German Kips, 16 Bs., 14c; 500 Penang Buffato at 7c, cash.

LEATHER—Hemlock and Oak continue firm, and meet with a fair demand; prices are steady.

LIME—We note sales of 2,000 bils, common Rockland at 70c.

MOLASSES is quite but steady; sales unimportant.

NAVAL STORES—Spirits Torpenting is heavy to-day, with but a very moderate inquiry and an increasing stock; the transactions comprise 300 bils. at 42cc, shipping and merchantable order; much holders are asking 40c, and refuse to sell under that figure. Crude meets with more inquiry, and prices are firm, sales of 1,500 bils. North County were made on Saturday at \$3.35. Common Rosh is settive, and prices are standy, the sales include 2,500 bils, here and to arrive at \$1.75 \$7.00 bils. and at include 2,500 bils, here and to arrive at \$1.75 \$7.00 bils. and and on a firm grades there is a steady demand, and we note sales of 300 lbs. No. 2 at \$28\$2.25, and 150 bils. No. 1 at \$4.96\$2.25. Tar is without movement, and prices are without change. for bins, No. 1 at 7 co. 7 property prices are without change.

OH.S.—Linseed is active; sales of 20,000 gallons at 75c. We hear of further sales of 100 bbls. Crude Sperm at #1, 25, and 100

OLS—Lineard is active, sales of 20,000 gallons at 75c. We hear of forther sales of 100 bbls. Crude Sperm at \$1.25, and 100 bbls. Crude Whale at \$1.52.
OLL CAKE—The market is firm, the demand is fair, sales of 150 time at \$54.50 for Thin Western and \$30.00 \$40 for City Thin Oblone. Then Round is nominal at \$51.
PROVISIONS—The Pork market is insertled and lower for Mess; the arrivale are light, but there is more desire to realize; also of 740 bbls, at \$1.74.00 \$41.75 for Mess; \$16.90 for thin Mess; 19.25 for Clear, and \$15.450.\$15 for for Prime. Beef is without change to note, the demand is steady and the receiving Mars: 18 25 for Clear, and \$19 4500 \$15 50 for Prime. Beef is without change to note, the demand is steady and the receipts limited; cales of 170 bbls. at \$11 500 \$12 for Country Mess. \$13 500 \$14 50 for repracked dos, and \$1500 \$15 50 for extra do. Prime Mess Beef and Beef Hams are inactive and prices are nominal. Bacon is cuite firm; sales of 100 beases short clear Middle at 94c. Cut Mests are held with much firmness, the demand is fair; sales of 167 bhds, and tos. at \$1c. for Shoulders, and \$200 \$1c. at Mars. Lard is without change, but is less active; sales of 160 bbls, and tos. at 112 \$115c. and longs at 120 \$125c. Butter is in fair request and steady at 150 \$16c.

Table of the Loans, Specie, Circulation and Deposits of the Hunks of the City of New York, for the neck ending on Sub-urday, Sept. 4, 1986, to which is affect the Copylal of each Burs.

RICE—The demand is small; prices are unchanged; also if 1987 to at 3470 to. RICE—The dots of sales of 300 bas. Castile at 11c., to arrive, SUGARS—The market is steady; selected 300 bloks. Cabb and 300 bloks. Cabb and 300 bloks. Porto Rice at \$1,000c., and 316 bases Havan at \$25. SALTPETER—AR Beston we notice sales of 110 bags at \$1,000c. of 100 bags at \$1,000c. PR. 6 mes.

TALLOW—The market is figure, the demand fair; when of 100 bags at \$1,000c.

20.000 fb at 191c.
WHISKY-The market is firmer; the demand is more active;
also of 200 bbls, at 245c.

Markets—Reported by Telegraph.

Philadelphis, Sopt. 6.—Flotts him: sales 1,900 bhis at \$5.02. Wheat quiet: Red. \$1 25.04 his sales 1,900 bhis at \$5.02. Wheat quiet: Red. \$1 25.04 his sales 1,900 bhis at \$7.02 his sales at sightling lendency; sales of Yellor at \$7.02 his sales at sightling lendency; sales of Yellor at \$7.02 his sales at sightling lendency; sales at \$1.00 his, at \$5.20 \$5.00 his, at \$5.

Passengers Arrived In ship Zurich from Harre-Dr. S. L. Ingram of Virgina Dr. F. R. Calhoun of South Carolina, R. J. Smith of Mobile.

> MARINE JOURNAL PORT OF NEW-YORK ...... Sept. 6

Cleared.

Cleared.

Steamships—American Eagle, Steams, San Juan del Notte, A. & F. Steamship Co.; Moses Taylor, McGowan, Aspinwal, M. O. Roberts.

Barks—Stampede, Lewis, Tork's Island, Simson & Clapp, M. Wearell, Smith, Elizabethport, Nosmith & Sons, Lauretta, Bailey, Norfolk, Yates, Forterfield & Co.; Imperador, Hubbard, Richmond, J. McKee; Goodspeed, Faye, Mobile, Potson H. & Co., Ottawa, Samper, Havana, Morat, Bross, Navaro & Co.; Panchitra, Stambope, Cape Coast, master.

Bross—R. A. Fisher, Keene, Richmond, Merrill & Abbott, M. Müler, White, Democrary, Smith, Johes & Co.; Houmang Bird, Dabel, Richmond, C. H. Pierson, A. J. Rose, Gilkey, Norok, R. P. Buck & Co.

Schoomers—W. C. Mershon, Cole, Charleston, McCredy, Mott & Co.; R. F. Stoeaton, Crammer, Alexandria, Van Bunt & Sogilt: Baitimore, Sleight, Bailtimore, Mailler, Lord & Quesaci Adele, Goft, Wilmington, D. C. Murray, S. A. Apieton, Tinkham, Boston, S. Nickerson; J. P. Lofland, Nickols, City Point, R. L. Crooke.

Steamship Chesapeake Crowell, Portland, indee, and pass, to B. Cron.well. H. B. Cron. well.

Steamship Locust Point, Backer, Baitimore 60 bours, to H.

Steamship Locust Point, Bucker, Baitimore 60 bours, to H.

Ship Prima Domna, Pray, Liverpool, indee, to master. Was
towed into Quarantine last night by steaming W. H. Webb,
Aug 29, lat. 46 29, lon. 43 39, was in co. with bank Robert Mills;
24th, lat. 45, lon. 54 42, spoke ship John H. Ellist; 25th, out the
Bankes, epoke fishing brig Amity, of Granwille; 27th, lat. 44 68,
ion. 65 39, spoke ship Alliance, of Halifax, bound E.; Sept. I,
br. 48 48, lon. 65, was in co. with ship F. W. Brune; 4th, South
Shoal bearing N. N. F. 25 miles, took a pilot from boar G. W.
Blunt.

must. Ship Zurich, Joy, Havre July 29, mdse, and 149 pass to W. S. raytor. Had 2 deaths; experienced light westerly winds the Draytor. Had 2 deating experienced light westerly winds the entire passage. Pruss.), Zimmerman, Pernambuco July 20, and Hampton Roads 3d inst. sugar to Kirkland & Von Sachs. Bark Edward (Pruss.), Wielling, Bremen July 21, index. and pass. to H. Keep. Sept. 4, lat. 40, lon. 67, spoke ship Morris, from Liverpool for New York. Bark Win, Henry (of Warren), Young, Ragged Island Aug. 21, salt to J. W. Elwell & Co. Rark Peter Demill, Hoey, Savannah 6 days, cotton, &c., to Demill & Co.

Bark Peter Demill, Hoey, Savannah 6 days, cotton, &c., to Demill & Co.

Barkentine Col. John McRae, Barry, Wilmington, N. C., navial stores to Montrel & Co.

Brig Bloomer (Rr.), Campbell, Dorchester, N. B., 16 days, stone to A. Smithers.

Brig Dolphin (United States), Maffit, Key West 10 days, put into this port to send Capt. Townsend, of the slaver Putnam to Charleston. The D. will probably sail this afternoon for Boston; slie has experienced a succession of caims and violent squalls; all well on board.

Schr. James Madison (of Baltimore), Benson, Aretibe, P. R., Aug. 25, sugar, &c., to J. McKee.

Schr. M. J. Kennedy, Harris, Elizabeth City 3 days, wheat to J. G. Williams.

Schr. J. P. Boyd, Matthews, Alexandria 6 days, coal tow. H. Newman.

Newman. Nehr. John Forsyth, Holmes, Alexandria 4 days, coal to Comberiand Coal & Iron Co.
Sehr, John Tilben, Cramer, Virginia 3 days, wood,
Sehr, John Warren, Lezier, Georgetown, D. C., 6 days, coal
to E. Cumard. E. Cunard. Schr. Wide World, Buckley, Wilmington, N. C., 5 days, na-

al stores to J. Smith & Co. Schr. G. H. Hoyt, Cramer, Virginia 3 days, wood. Schr. Wm. B. Harsey, Holden, Baitimore 6 days, wheat to J. S. br. Wm. B. Harrey, Holden, Danish and G. Williams.
Schr. Vandalia, Strout, Calais 7 days, isthe to Boardman & Schr. Vandalia, Strout, Calais 7 days, isthe to Boardman & Schr. Vandalia, Strout, Calais 7 days, isthe to Boardman & Calais 8 days. Schr. Belle, Verell, Calais 8 days, laths to Smith & Boynton Schr. Maria Foss, Crabtree, Sullivan 7 days, lumber to C. 4

. Union, Kellar, Machine 10 days, lumber to Simpson & hr. Princess, Lovell, Boston 3 days, mase, to S. W. Lewis

& Co.

Schr. Grecian, Burgess, Boston 3 days, fish to master.

Schr. John, Murphy, Rockland 4 days, lime.

Schr. James Farwell, Packard, Rockland 4 days, lime.

Schr. C. Taylor 3d. Lewis, Boston 5 days, fish.

Schr. J. Reed, Benson, Boston 4 days, hish.

Schr. J. Reed, Benson, Boston for Haverstraw.

Schr. D. Webster, Hodges, Boston for Albany.

Schr. Banner, Tufts, Rockport 4 days, fish.

Schr. C. S. Hazard, Billard, Hartford, powder to the Hand.

Powder Co.

Polladelphia cone, MccHaffey, Connecticut River for

Philadelphia.

Schr. Wm. Oray, Buel, Connecticut River, stone.

Schr. Renj. Browning, Lampher, New Haven, ballast.

Schr. Beine Grit (Br.), Copp, Dorchester, N. B., 12 days, stone

o Thos. D. Middleton.

Schr. Village Belle (Br.), Harvey, Windsor, N. S., 12 days,

Sakerte I. J. S. Whitney & Co.

Schr. Hauntbal, Wentworth, Dighton, in ballast to master.

Schr. Haunibel, Wentworth, Dighton, in ballast to master.

ARRIVED AT THE LOWER QUARANTINE.

Bark Aura tof Providence), Hunt, Sanna 9 days, sugar, &c., be
H. S. Vining. Wm. Robinson of Hull, Eng., died in Havana;
Thomas W. Durie, and Daniel Gallen, the first and second
mates, of Massachusetts, died between Havan and Sagus.

Brig Marianne (Brem.), Sippel, Trinidad de Cuba 25 days, segar to master. Has lost let mate, carpenter and 3 sallors by
fever in Timidad.

Brig George Stockhalm (of Bath), Giles, Trinidad de Cuba 17
days, sugar, &c., to master. Sid, in co. with brig Lilly Mills,
for N. W. York.

BELOW-1 ship, showing Zerega's signal; also I ship, I bark BELOW-I sing, snowing creeks signal, also I sing, I bark and I brig unknown.
Shipa New England, from Liverpool; Gibraltar, do.; Hends-phere, from Havre—(All by pilot boat G. W. Blunt, No. II.) SAILED—Steamship Moses Taylor, McGows, Aspinwall; hark Pane-hits, Stainleye, Cape Coast.
WIND—During the day, N. W.

The ship Joseph Gilchrist, 1,590 tuns register, is now on the large Sectional Dock for the purpose of being recaulked and to receive her first soit of copper. The bark Linden, Kirby, for Mobile, has anchored in the

By Telegraph. SAVANNAH, Sept. 6-Arr. steamship Star of the South, N.

York, CHARLESTON, Sept. 6-Arr. steamship Columbia, Berry, CHARLESTON, Sept. 6—Arr. ships Ann Washburn, Merryman, Now-York.

BOSTON, Sept. 6—Arr. ships Ann Washburn, Merryman, Huvre, Sea Lion, Colburn, Antwerp; barks Regina, Booker, Rotterdam; Taivers, Merithew, Ghasgow; Brilliant Signer, New Orleans: Grace Hammond, Mahoney, do.; Daniel, Editor, Palermo; brig John Freeman, Crowell, Charleston, Below-Brigs Pho, Havana; Orella, Turk's Island; Long Arm, Cardenas; America (Dutch), Rotterdam; Wanderer, Pottan, Prince.

an Prince.

HIGHLAND LIGHT, Cape Cod, 3 p. m.—Off, steamer City of New York, from Philadelphia for Boston; bark James Brant, from Shields, do.

NORFOLK, Sept. 6—Arr. Sehr. Harbinger, of Boston, Alexandria, for Boston, has foremast sprung, lost salls, &c.

The crew of the brig Eureka, reported sunk, have arrived

FURTHER BY THE FULTON.

St. Joss, N. F. Sept. 6, 1852. The following marine intelligence is gleaned from papers ob-

sined from the steamship Folton, off Cape Race: The steamship Vigo, from New York 12th Aug., was signaled if Holybead on the evening of the 24th.

A Bristol dispatch of the 24th, says that the ship Magistrate, run New Orleans, was pressed water-logged and abandoned, or. 6,in lat. 42 N., lein. 43 W.; the crew were saved and landed

here.
The America and Frederick Gebhard sid, from Liverpool on
the 25d, and the Sarah on the 24th, all for New-York.
The Icnian sid, from Liverpool on the 24th, for Philadelphia.

THE BARKENTINE COL. JOHN MCRAE, from Wilmington, N.C., while beating through the Narrows, exme in contact with schr. Ahm, bound out. The former lost her shain-pibloom and gear, the letter had mainsely torn and lost david. She returned to

gear, the latter had manual) torn and lost davif. Size returned to repair.

NASAU, N. P., Aug. 25—The brig Abram, from Rio de la Hache for New York, previously reported, it appears agroup a leak com after leaving, pumpe not choked; one condered use less, when hear crocked foliand got assistance from wreckers and intended to come to Nasau, but the leak increasing, and lour feet water in her hold, found it necessary to run her sahore on an issand near St. Salvador. Cargo: 50 tuns fixtle, 50 do. Brail wood Lighthides, 25 pkm, goat sains, 60 ceroones tobaccs, id. ospecie, nearly ell saved and is being forwarded to this port. The cargo that has been saved from the ship S. F. Austen le all here: a part is entirely lost, two-thirds or three-quasters of what is received has been under water.

[By letter to Edwood Walter, Sec. Board Underwriters.

Ball Thoors, Sept. The bark Lapwing, Keily, from Rio Jameiro, reports as follows: The ship Rebecca, from Richmond, arrived on the 17th July, had taken fire at sea, in her hold, supposed from spentaments combation, and had been borning for posed from spentaments combation, and had been borning for several days before it was discovered, was finally extinguished on the 4th July. In the section of damage was unknown when the Lapwing left.

[By letter to Ellwood Walter, esq.